# These are sample MCQs to indicate pattern, may or may not appear in examination 

# University of Mumbai Online Examination 2020 

Program: BE Electronics and Telecommunication Engineering
Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2012
Examination: Third Year Semester V
Course Code: ETC505 and Course Name: Integrated Circuits
Time: 1hour
Max. Marks: 50

Note to the students: - All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks.

| Q1. | An ideal op-amp requires infinite bandwidth because |
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| Option A: | Signals can be amplified without attenuation |
| Option B: | Output common-mode noise voltage is zero |
| Option C: | Output voltage occurs simultaneously with input voltage changes |
| Option D: | Output can drive infinite number of device |
|  |  |
| Q2. | In the common mode,........... |
| Option A: | Both inputs are grounded |
| Option B: | The outputs are connected together |
| Option C: | An identical signal appears on both the inputs |
| Option D: | The output signal are in-phase |
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| Q3. | In which type of amplifier, the input voltage is amplified by a scaling factor |
| Option A: | Summing amplifier |
| Option B: | Averaging amplifier |
| Option C: | Weighted amplifier |
| Option D: | Differential amplifier |
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| Q4. | What is a key characteristic of an instrumentation amplifier? |
| Option A: | High CMRR |
| Option B: | High output offset |
| Option C: | High output impedance |
| Option D: | None of the above |
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| Q5. | The frequency transfer function of a differentiator is given by |
| Option A: | JwCR |
| Option B: | 1/jwCR |
| Option C: | - jwCR |
| Option D: | $-(1 /$ jwCR) |
|  |  |


| Q6. | What is Barkhausen criterion for oscillation? |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option A: | $A B>1$ |
| Option B: | $A B<1$ |
| Option C: | $A B=1$ |
| Option D: | $A ß \neq 1$ |
| Q7. | What will be the phase shift of feedback circuit in RC phase shift oscillator? |
| Option A: | $360^{\circ}$ phase shift |
| Option B: | $90^{\circ}$ phase shift |
| Option C: | $60^{\circ}$ phase shift |
| Option D: | $180^{\circ}$ phase shift |
| Q8. | Which of the following is a stable sine-wave audio-generator? |
| Option A: | Wein-bridge oscillator |
| Option B: | Hartley oscillator |
| Option C: | Armstrong oscillator |
| Option D: | None of the above |
| Q9. | The resistor in the peak detector are used to |
| Option A: | To maintain proper operation |
| Option B: | Protect op-amp from damage |
| Option C: | To get shaped non-sinusoidal waveform |
| Option D: | None of the mentioned |
| Q10. | How a triangular wave generator is derived from square wave generator? |
| Option A: | Connect oscillator at the output |
| Option B: | Connect Voltage follower at the output |
| Option C: | Connect differential at the output |
| Option D: | Connect integrator at the output |
| Q11. | A Schmitt trigger is |
| Option A: | a comparator with only one trigger point |
| Option B: | a comparator with hysteresis |
| Option C: | a comparator with three trigger points |
| Option D: | none of the above |
| Q12. | What is the drawback in zero crossing detectors? |
| Option A: | Low frequency signal and noise at output terminal |
| Option B: | High frequency signal and noise at input terminal |
| Option C: | Low frequency signal and noise at input terminal |
| Option D: | High frequency signal and noise at output terminal |
| Q13. | Which circuit converts irregularly shaped waveform to regular shaped waveforms? |
| Option A: | Schmitt trigger |
| Option B: | Voltage limiter |


| Option C: | Comparator |
| :---: | :---: |
| Option D: | None of the mentioned |
| Q14. | Determine the time period of a monostable 555 multivibrator. |
| Option A: | $\mathrm{T}=0.33 \mathrm{RC}$ |
| Option B: | $\mathrm{T}=1.1 \mathrm{RC}$ |
| Option C: | T $=3 \mathrm{RC}$ |
| Option D: | $\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{RC}$ |
| Q15. | Free running frequency of Astable multivibrator? |
| Option A: | $f=1.45 /\left(R_{A}+2 R_{B}\right) \mathrm{C}$ |
| Option B: | $\mathrm{f}=1.45\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{A}}+2 \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{B}}\right) \mathrm{C}$ |
| Option C: | $f=1.45 C /\left(R_{A}+2 R_{B}\right)$ |
| Option D: | $\mathrm{f}=1.45 \mathrm{RA} /\left(\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{A}}+\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)$ |
| Q16. | The change in output voltage for the corresponding change in load current in a 7805 IC regulator is defined as |
| Option A: | Output Regulation |
| Option B: | Line Regulation |
| Option C: | Load regulation |
| Option D: | Input regulation |
| Q17. | A series switching regulators |
| Option A: | Improves the efficiency of regulators |
| Option B: | Improves the flexibility of switching |
| Option C: | Enhance the response of regulators |
| Option D: | Improves power Consumption |
| Q18. | What is the conversion ratio of the phase detector in 565 PLL? |
| Option A: | 0.14 |
| Option B: | 0.35 |
| Option C: | 0.4458 |
| Option D: | 0.7 |
| Q19. | Voltage to frequency conversion factor for VCO is |
| Option A: | $\mathrm{Kv}=\Delta \mathrm{Vc} / \triangle \mathrm{fo}$ |
| Option B: | $\mathrm{Kv}=\triangle \mathrm{fo} / \Delta \mathrm{Vc}$ |
| Option C: | $\mathrm{Kv}=\triangle \mathrm{fo} \times \Delta \mathrm{Vc}$ |
| Option D: | $\mathrm{Kv}=1 /(\triangle \mathrm{fo} \times \triangle \mathrm{Vc})$ |
| Q20. | What happens when VCO output is $90 \%$ out of phase with respect to input signal? |
| Option A: | Perfect lock |
| Option B: | Attenuation |
| Option C: | Shift in phase of comparator |
| Option D: | Error signal is removed |


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| Q21. | What is the difference between a 7490 and a 7493? |
| Option A: | 7490 is a MOD-10, 7493 is a MOD-16 |
| Option B: | 7490 is a MOD-16, 7493 is a MOD-10 |
| Option C: | 7490 is a MOD-12, 7493 is a MOD-16 |
| Option D: | 7490 is a MOD-10, 7493 is a MOD-12 |
|  |  |
| Q22. | Which of the following is MOD-12 counter? |
| Option A: | IC 7493 |
| Option B: | IC 7490 |
| Option C: | IC 7491 |
| Option D: | IC 7492 |
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| Q23. | The 'heart' of the processor which performs many different operations |
| Option A: | Arithmetic and logic unit |
| Option B: | Motherboard |
| Option C: | Control Unit |
| Option D: | Memory |
|  |  |
| Q24. | Reset inputs are used in IC 7490, why? |
| Option A: | For increment of bit by 1 |
| Option B: | For decrement of bit by 1 |
| Option C: | For reset the counter |
| Option D: | For setting the counter |
|  |  |
| Q25. | A certain non-inverting amplifier has $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{i}}$ of $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ and Rf of 100 k $\Omega$. The closed-loop <br> voltage gain is ......... <br> Option A: <br> 100,000 <br> Option B: <br> Option C: <br> Option D: <br> 1000 |

