#### **Examination 2020 under cluster 9 (FAMT)**

Program: BE Mechanical Engineering

#### Curriculum Scheme: Revised 2016/2012

Examination: Second Year Semester III

Course Code: MEC302 and Course Name: Thermodynamics

Sample Questions are only for Reference and may/may not appear in the final exam.

Time: 1 hour

Max. Marks: 50

\_\_\_\_\_

Note to the students:- All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks .

| Q1.       | 100 KPA=BAR   |
|-----------|---|
| Option A: | 1   |
| Option B: | 10  |
| Option C: | 100   |
| Option D: | 1000  |
|           |   |
| Q2.       | In approach, a certain quantity of matter is considered, without a                |
|           | concern on the events occurring at the molecular level.                           |
| Option A: | macroscopic   |
| Option B: | microscopic   |
| Option C: | Menuscropic   |
| Option D: | random  |
|           |   |
| Q3.       | A process in which all states of the system passes through are equilibrium states |
|           | is called as  |
| Option A: | Isobaric Process  |
| Option B: | Quasi-Static Process  |
| Option C: | Polytropic Process  |
| Option D: | Adiabatic Process   |
|           |   |
| Q4.       | Cp - Cv =   |
| Option A: | К   |
| Option B: | R   |
| Option C: | Р   |
| Option D: | V   |
|           |   |
| Q5.       | Heat transfer is zero in  |
| Option A: | Isobaric Process  |
| Option B: | Quasi-Static Process  |
| Option C: | Polytropic Process  |
| Option D: | Adiabatic Process   |
|           |   |

### **Examination 2020 under cluster 9 (FAMT)**

| Q6.       | is defined as the sum of the system's internal energy and the product of its    |
|-----------|---|
| -         | pressure and volume.  |
| Option A: | Entropy   |
| Option B: | Enthalpy  |
| Option C: | Internal Energy   |
| Option D: | Kinetic Energy  |
|           |   |
| Q7.       | The enthalpy of an ideal gas is independent of its, and depends only on its     |
|           | temperature   |
| Option A: | Pressure  |
| Option B: | Volume  |
| Option C: | Gas constant  |
| Option D: | index   |
|           |   |
| Q8.       | A machine which can supply mechanical work continuously without                 |
|           | consumption of any energy is called as  |
| Option A: | PMM 1   |
| Option B: | PMM 2   |
| Option C: | PMM 3   |
| Option D: | PMM 4   |
|           |   |
| Q9.       | Unit of Heat Capacity is  |
| Option A: | J/kg.K  |
| Option B: | l   |
| Option C: | J/K   |
| Option D: | J/Kg  |
|           |   |
| Q10.      | is a property of a system which determines the degree of hotness or             |
|           | coldness.   |
| Option A: | Pressure  |
| Option B: | Volume  |
| Option C: | Temperature   |
| Option D: | Viscosity   |
|           |   |
| Q11.      | The Constant Pressure process is known as                                       |
| Option A: | Isobaric Process  |
| Option B: | Quasi-Static Process  |
| Option C: | Polytropic Process  |
| Option D: | Adiabatic Process   |
|           |   |
| Q12.      | It is the condition of a system as defined by the values of all its properties. |
| Option A: | State   |
| Option B: | Property  |
| Option C: | Process   |
| Option D: | Path  |

### **Examination 2020 under cluster 9 (FAMT)**

Г

Т

| Q13.      | In our study of thermodynamics, we will choose a small part of the universe to      |
|-----------|---|
|           | which we will apply the laws of thermodynamics. We call this subset a               |
| Option A: | Surrounding   |
| Option B: | System  |
| Option C: | Boundary  |
| Option D: | Universe  |
| - ·       |   |
| 014.      | Air is compressed poly-tropically till it's temp becomes 500 K, the initial temp of |
|           | air is 300K, find the work done $(KI/Kg)$ ? index of the process is 1.3             |
| Option A: | 191.33  |
| Ontion B: | -191 33   |
| Option C: | 250   |
| Option D: | 250   |
| Option D. | 207   |
| 015       |   |
| Q15.      | In constant volume process the pressure at the initial state was 1 bar and temp     |
|           | was 300 k. At the end state the pressure was rise to 10 bar and temp. was 600K.     |
|           | Find the work done in KJ?   |
| Option A: | 0   |
| Option B: | 10  |
| Option C: | 20  |
| Option D: | 30  |
|           |   |
| Q16.      | For the saturated dry steam, dryness fraction m is =                                |
| Option A: | 0   |
| Option B: | 1   |
| Option C: | 2   |
| Option D: | 3   |
| - ·       |   |
| 017.      | The temperature is the temperature for a corresponding saturation                   |
|           | pressure at which a liquid boils into its vapor phase.                              |
| Option A: | saturation  |
| Ontion B: | fusion  |
| Option C: | superheated   |
| Option D: | sublimation   |
| Option D. | Subimation  |
| 018       | The cycle which consists of two reversible isotherms and two reversible             |
| Q10.      | adiabatic is called as  |
| Ontion A: | Panking cyclo   |
| Option P: |   |
| Option B: |   |
| Option C: |   |
| UDTION D: | FRICSSON CVCIP  |
| 000000    |   |
|           |   |
| Q19.      | The volume swept by the piston while moving from TDC to BDC or BDC to TDC is        |

### **Examination 2020 under cluster 9 (FAMT)**

| Option A:              | Clearance Volume   |
|------------------------|--|
| Option B:              | Swept Volume   |
| Option C:              | Total Volume   |
| Option D:              | Specific Volume  |
|                        |  |
| Q20.                   | Find the efficiency of Otto cycle having compression ratio 8.                    |
| Option A:              | 56.5%  |
| Option B:              | 50.5%  |
| Option C:              | 41.25%   |
| Option D:              | 98%  |
|                        |  |
| Q21.                   | The coefficient performance of a refrigerator is 5. Calculate the temperature of |
|                        | the surrounding if the temperature inside the freezer is -20 °C                  |
| Option A:              | 11 °C  |
| Option B:              | 21 °C  |
| Option C:              | 31 °C  |
| Option D:              | 41 °C  |
|                        |  |
| Q22.                   | Available Energy=  |
| Option A:              | Unavailable Energy   |
| Option B:              | Heat Supplied  |
| Option C:              | Maximum work obtainable  |
| Option D:              | Heat Rejected  |
|                        |  |
| Q23.                   | The process will terminate when the pressure and temperature of the system       |
|                        | and surrounding are equal. This state is referred as                             |
| Option A:              | live state   |
| Option B:              | working state.   |
| Option C:              | open state.  |
| Option D:              | dead state.  |
|                        |  |
| Q24.                   | A cyclic heat engine operates between a source temperature of 227 °C and a       |
|                        | sink temperature of 27 °C. What will be the maximum efficiency of the heat       |
|                        | engine?  |
| Option A:              | 40%  |
| Option B:              | 100%   |
| Option C:              | 60%  |
| Option D:              | 0%   |
|                        |  |
| Q25.                   | Carnot cycle is  |
| Option A:              | rovorsible cycle   |
|                        |  |
| Option B:              | an irreversible cycle  |
| Option B:<br>Option C: | an irreversible cycle<br>practical cycle   |